Listing of Claims:

Claims 1-64 (Canceled)

- 65. (Previously Presented) A method of obtaining a polymer comprising:
 - a. subjecting a higher diamondoid derivative to polymerization conditions thereby forming a polymerization reaction product containing a higher diamondoid containing polymer; and
 - b. isolating the polymer from the polymerization reaction product.
- 66. (Previously Presented) A method of obtaining a polymer comprising:
 - subjecting a higher diamondoid derivative containing one or two
 polymerizable moieties to polymerization conditions thereby forming a
 polymerization reaction product containing a higher diamondoid
 containing polymer; and
 - b. isolating the polymer from the polymerization reaction product.
- 67. (Previously Presented) A method of obtaining a polymer comprising:
 - a. subjecting a higher diamondoid derivative to polymerization conditions thereby forming a polymerization reaction product containing a higher diamondoid containing polymer; the higher diamondoid derivative having the formula:

$$R^{6}$$
 R^{5} R^{4}

wherein

D is a higher diamondoid nucleus, and R¹, R², R³, R⁴, R⁵ and R⁶ are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen and a polymerizable moiety; provided at least one of the R's is a polymerizable moiety; and

- b. isolating the polymer from the polymerization reaction product.
- 68. (Previously Presented) A method of obtaining a polymer comprising:
 - a. subjecting a higher diamondoid derivative to polymerization conditions thereby forming a polymerization reaction product containing a higher diamondoid containing polymer; the higher diamondoid derivative containing one or two polymerizable moieties wherein the polymerizable moieties are selected from alkenyl, alkynyl, OH, C₂H₃O, SH, NH₂, CO₂H, C₆H₅, C₆H₄NH₂, C₆H₄CO₂H or C₆H₄OH; and
 - b. isolating the polymer from the polymerization reaction product.
- 69. (Previously Presented) A method of obtaining a polymer comprising:
 - a. subjecting a higher diamondoid derivative to polymerization conditions thereby forming a polymerization reaction product containing a higher diamondoid containing polymer; the higher diamondoid derivative having the formula:

$$R^6 \longrightarrow D \longrightarrow R^3$$

 $R^5 \longrightarrow R^4$

D is a higher diamondoid nucleus, and

R¹, R², R³, R⁴, R⁵ and R⁶ are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen and a polymerizable moiety; provided at least one of the R's is a polymerizable moiety;

wherein the polymerizable moiety has the structure:

X is O, NR⁷, OC(O), NR⁸C(O), C(O)O or C(O)NR⁹, wherein R⁷, R⁸ and R⁹ are independently hydrogen or alkyl; and

- b. isolating the polymer from the polymerization reaction product.
- 70. (Original) A higher diamondoid polymer comprising, as a recurring unit, a higher diamondoid derivative having a derivatizing moiety attached to a higher diamondoid, said derivatizing moiety covalently bonding the higher diamondoid into the polymer.
- 71. (Original) The higher diamondoid polymer of Claim 70 comprising *n* recurring units having the formula:



wherein

R is the derivatizing group;

D is the higher diamondoid and n is an integer larger than 1.

72. (Previously Presented) The higher diamondoid polymer of Claim 70 comprising *n* recurring units having the formula:



and m recurring units having the formula:

R is the derivatizing group;

D is the higher diamondoid;

CP is a nondiamondoid copolymer unit, and n and m are each integers greater than 1 with the ratio of n to m having a value of from about 0.001 to about 1000.

73. (Original) The higher diamondoid polymer of Claim 70 comprising *n* recurring units having the formula:

wherein

D is the higher diamondoid;

R is the derivatizing group and n is an integer greater than 1.

74. (Original) The higher diamondoid polymer of Claim 70 comprising *n* recurring units having the formula:

$$-(R^{1}-D-R^{2})-$$

wherein

D is a higher diamondoid and R¹ and R² are two derivatizing groups.

75. (Previously Presented) The higher diamondoid polymer of Claim 70 comprising *n* recurring units having the formula:

and m recurring units having the formula:

D is the higher diamondoid;

R is the derivatizing group;

CP is a nondiamondoid copolymer unit, and n and m are each integers greater than 1 with the ratio of n to m having value of from about 0.001 to about 1000.

76. (Original) The higher diamondoid polymer of Claim 70 comprising *n* recurring units having the formula:

$$-(R^1-D-R^2)_n$$

and m recurring units having the formula:

wherein

R¹ and R² are derivatizing groups.

- 77. (Original) The higher diamondoid polymer of Claim 70 additionally comprising a preformed backbone to which the higher diamondoid derivatives are covalently bonded.
- 78. (Original) A polymer having at least two higher diamondoid components covalently bonded to each other.
- 79. (Original) The polymer of Claim 78 wherein said at least two higher diamondoid components are covalently bonded to each other through a linker.
- 80. (Original) The polymer of Claim 78 wherein said polymer is a homopolymer.
- 81. (Original) The polymer of Claim 78 wherein said polymer is a co-polymer.

82. (Original) A polymer of Claim 78 represented by formula

 $(D)_q$ -L

wherein
each D is independently a higher diamondoid group;
L is a linker; and
q is an integer from 2 to 100.

83. (Previously Presented) A polymer of Claim 78 represented by formula

 $(D)_s$

wherein each D is independently a higher diamondoid group; and s is an integer from 2 to 1,000.

84. (Original) A polymer of Claim 78 represented by formula

wherein each D is independently a higher diamondoid group; each L is independently a linker; and r is an integer from 1 to 1,000,000.

85. (Original) The polymer of Claim 84 wherein r is selected from 1 to 1000.